

Marning Equations inside



Highly interactive

Decentralized

Heterogeneous

Self-directed

Highly interactive

Decentralized

Heterogeneous

Self-directed

Developers donate their knowledge for the benefit of the community



Highly interactive

Decentralized

Heterogeneous

Self-directed

Different skill sets and skill levels

(Giuri et al., 2004)

Different activities

(Vasilescu et al., 2013)

Mix of novices and experts

(Dabbish et al., 2012)



Highly interactive

Decentralized

Heterogeneous

Self-directed

Different skill sets and skill levels

(Giuri et al., 2004)

Different activities

(Vasilescu et al., 2013)

Mix of novices and experts

(Dabbish et al., 2012)



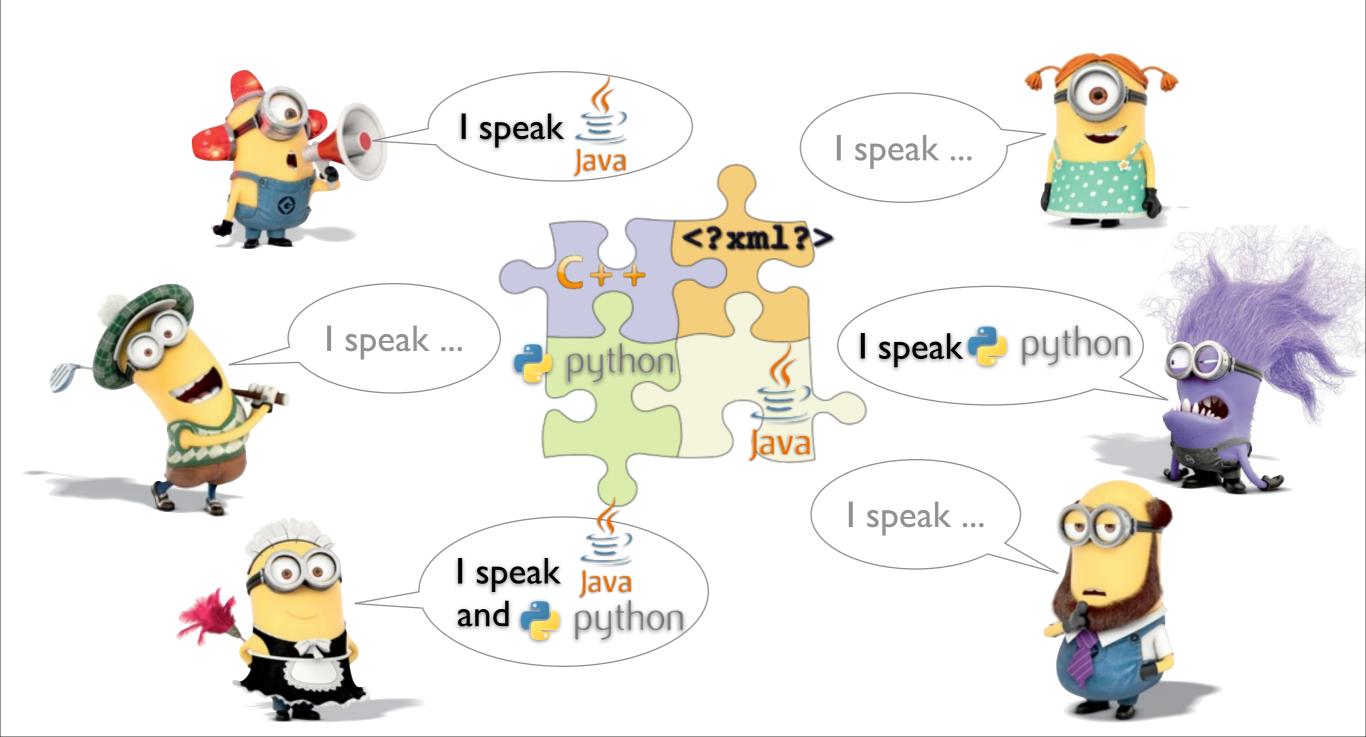
Highly interactive

Decentralized

Heterogeneous

Self-directed

Knowledge of programming languages



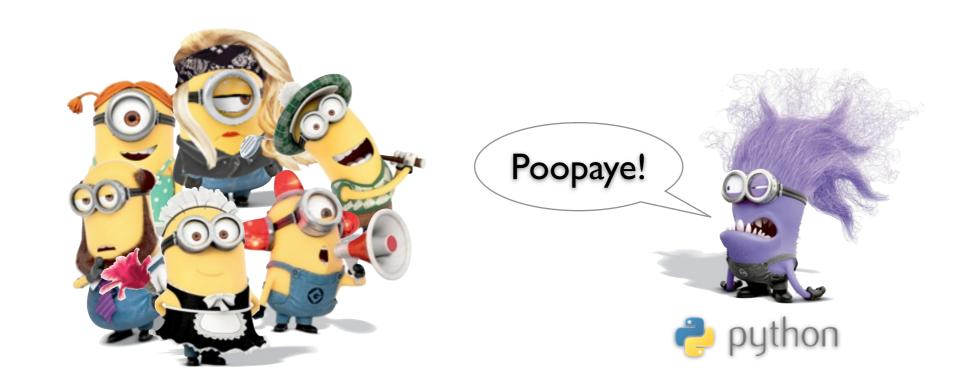
High turnover

what happens when Purple Minion leaves the community?

Does knowledge of python disappear?

Is the community at risk?

Maintain or migrate legacy code?



High turnover

What happens when Purple Minion leaves the community?

Does knowledge of python disappear?

Is the community at risk?

Maintain or migrate legacy code?





This talk: first steps

How to quantify this risk of not finding developers with knowledge of certain programming languages?



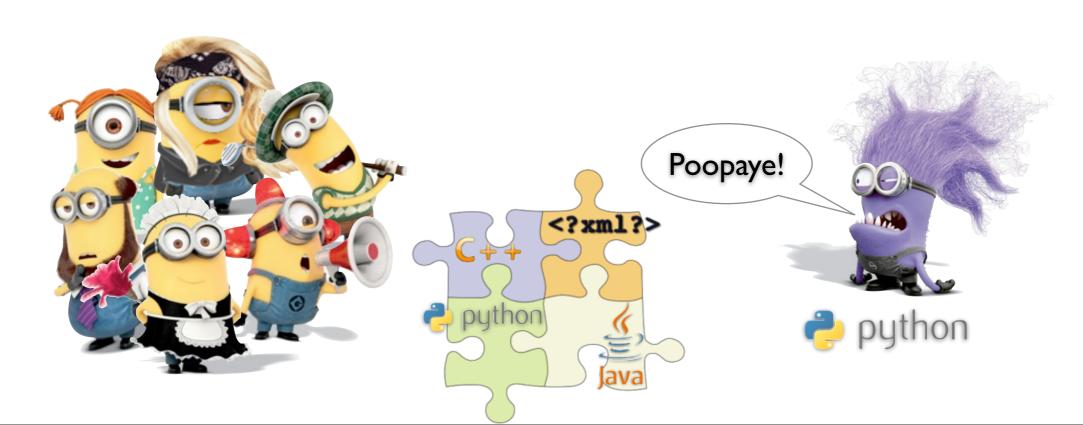
who else "speaks" = python in the community?

Hard to assess (recall Decentralized, Self-directed)

Less suitable for real-time health monitoring

Hard to maintain information (recall High Turnover)

what if nobody?



has worked on who else "speaks" - python in the community?

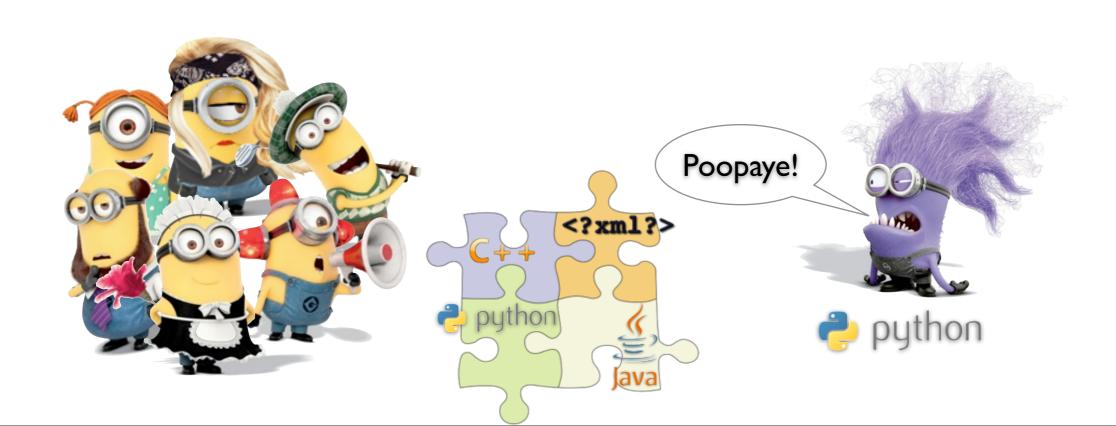
Not sufficient

Specialization

(Posnett *et al.*, 2013) (Vasilescu *et al.*, 2013) Territoriality

(Robles et al., 2006)

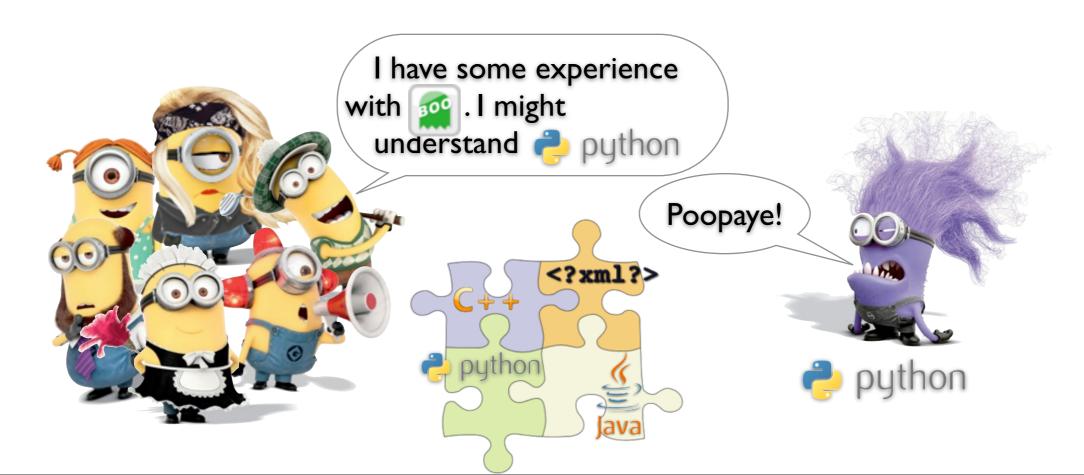
Besides, what if nobody?



has worked on who else "speaks" - python in the community? might understand

Better, but similar drawbacks as who else "speaks" python in the community?

Does not answer "How hard is it in general to find replacement cobol developers?"



has worked on who else "speaks" python in the community? might understand



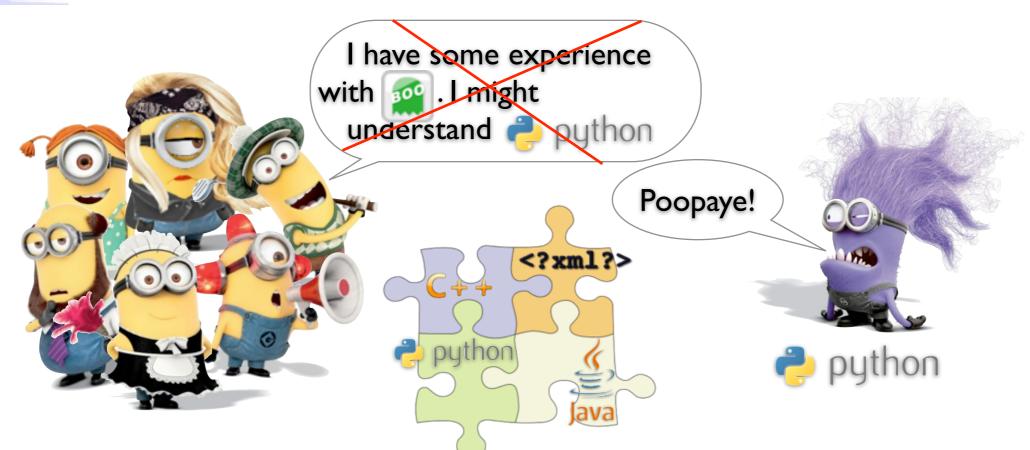
Mine expertise from history of contributions

Approximate what else they

+ might understand:

universal measure of intelligibility

of programming languages



Ingredients

Linguistic diversity (natural languages)

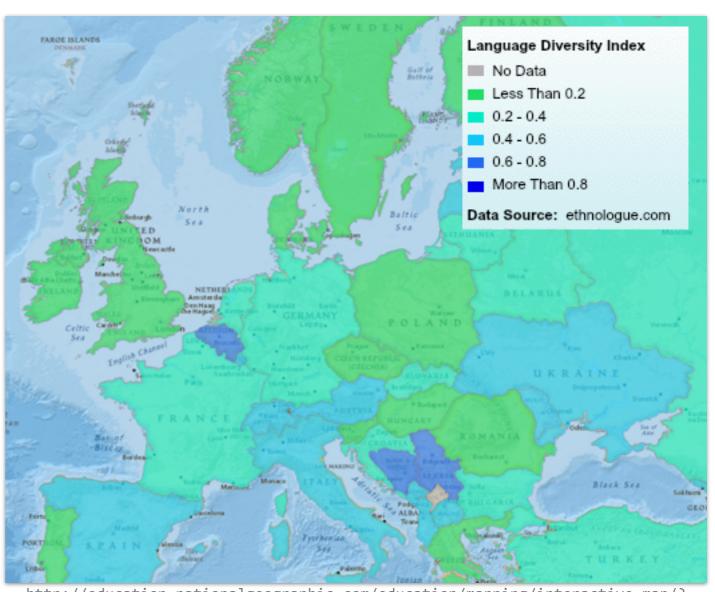


crowdsourced knowledge



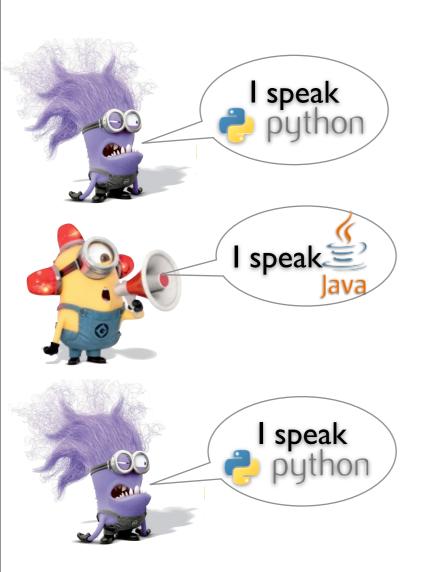
Greenberg (1956)

probability that two random individuals do not understand each other



http://education.nationalgeographic.com/education/mapping/interactive-map/? ar a=1&ls=840007%26f%3D491%26t%3D1%26lg%3D5%26b%3D0%26bbox

probability that two random individuals do not understand each other



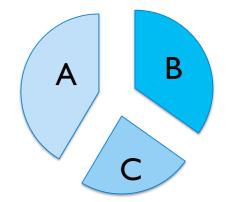
Simple model

- everyone speaks exactly one language
- languages are independent

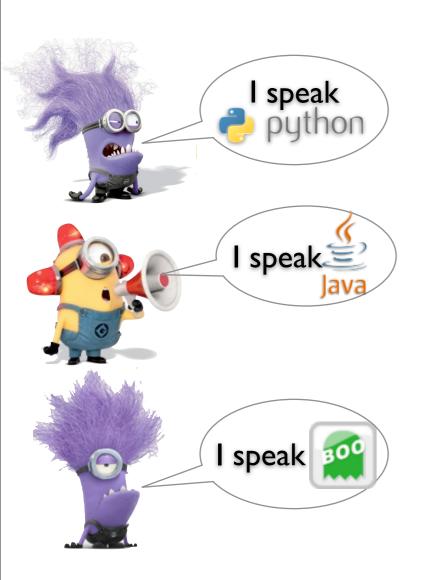
$$A = 1 - \sum_{\ell \in L} p_{\ell}^2$$

$$p_{\ell} = \frac{|S_{\ell}|}{|P|}$$

$$L = \{A, B, C\} \Longrightarrow P(L) = \{A, B, C\}$$



probability that two random individuals do not understand each other



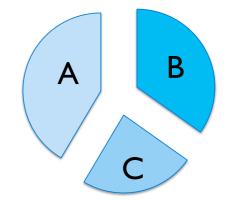
Related languages model

- everyone speaks exactly one language
- languages are (partly) mutually intelligible

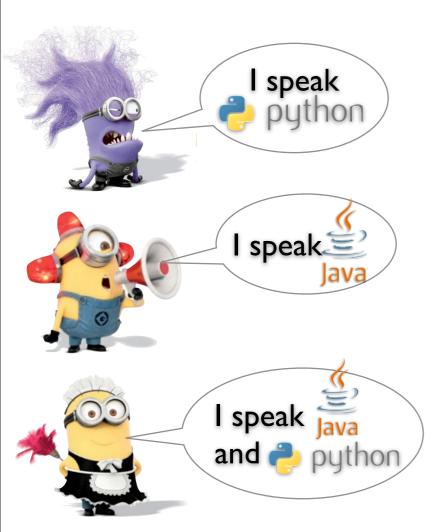
$$B = 1 - \sum_{\ell,m \in L} p_{\ell} p_{m} \cdot mi(\ell,m) \qquad p_{\ell} = \frac{|S_{\ell}|}{|P|}$$

$$0 \le mi(\ell, m) \le 1$$
 $mi(\ell, \ell) = 1$

$$L = \{A, B, C\} \Rightarrow P(L) = \{A, B, C\}$$



probability that two random individuals do not understand each other



Polyglot related languages model

- everyone speaks at least one language
- languages are (partly) mutually intelligible

$$F = 1 - \sum_{s,t \in P(L)} p_s p_t \cdot \frac{\sum_{\ell \in s,m \in t} mi(\ell,m)}{|s| \cdot |t|}$$

$$p_s = \frac{\left|S_s\right|}{\left|P\right|}$$

$$L = \{A, B, C\} \Longrightarrow P(L) = \{A, B, C, AB, AC, BC, ABC\}$$

of not finding developers that "speak" a programming language

Greenberg (1956)

Linguistic diversity

$$F = 1 - \sum_{s,t \in P(L)} p_s p_t \cdot \frac{\sum_{\ell \in s,m \in t} mi(\ell,m)}{|s| \cdot |t|}$$

Our measure

$$risk(\ell) = 1 - \sum_{s \in P(L)} p_s \cdot \max_{k \in s} mi_{\ell}(k)$$

of not finding developers that "speak" a programming language

Greenberg (1956)

Linguistic diversity

$$F = 1 - \sum_{s,t \in P(L)} p_s p_t \cdot \frac{\sum_{\ell \in s,m \in t} mi(\ell,m)}{|s| \cdot |t|}$$

Aggregate measure

Our measure

$$risk(\ell) = 1 - \sum_{s \in P(L)} p_s \cdot \max_{k \in s} mi_{\ell}(k)$$

one language

of not finding developers that "speak" a programming language

Greenberg (1956)

Linguistic diversity

$$F = 1 - \sum_{s,t \in P(L)} p_s p_t \underbrace{\sum_{\ell \in s,m \in t} mi(\ell,m)}_{s,t \in P(L)} p_s p_t$$

If polyglot, equally probably to speak any of the languages

Our measure

$$risk(\ell) = 1 - \sum_{s \in P(L)} p_s \left(\max_{k \in s} mi_{\ell}(k) \right)$$

If Polyglot, the language most intelligible to ℓ matters the most

of not finding developers that "speak" a programming language

Greenberg (1956)

Linguistic diversity

$$F = 1 - \sum_{s,t \in P(L)} p_s p_t \cdot \frac{\sum_{\ell \in s,m \in t} mi(\ell,m)}{|s| \cdot |t|}$$

Symmetric

Our measure

$$risk(\ell) = 1 - \sum_{s \in P(L)} p_s \cdot \max_{k \in S} \underbrace{mi_{\ell}(k)}$$

Asymmetric

"Swedes have more difficulty understanding Danish than Danes understanding Swedish"

(Moberg et al., 2004)

Ingredients

Linguistic diversity (natural languages)



crowdsourced knowledge



Tagged Questions

newest

frequent

votes

active

unanswered

users



15k views

Does python have an equivalent to Java Class.forName()?

I have the need to take a string argument and create an object of the class named in that string in Python. In Java, I would use Class.forName().newInstance(). Is there an equivalent in Python? ...

instantiation python class java

asked Jan 17 '09 at 8:10



Jason 479 • 1 • 6 • 8

votes

inswers

Seeking clarification on apparent contradictions regarding weakly typed languages

I think I understand strong typing, but every time I look for examples for what is weak typing I end up finding examples of programming languages that simply coerce/convert types automatically. For ...

4k views

java

python

perl weakly-typed

asked Mar 29 '12 at 16:34



Edwin Dalorzo 13.2k • 2 • 22 • 47



How can I download all emails with attachments from Gmail?

How do I connect to Gmail and determine which messages have attachments? I then want to download each attachment, printing out the Subject: and From: for each message as I process it.

java python perl gmail

asked Dec 8 '08 at 3:57



32k views

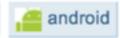
44 votes

Which programming languages can I use on Android Dalvik?

In theory, Dalvik executes any virtual machine byte code, created for example with the compilers of AspectJ ColdFusion Clojure Groovy JavaFX Script JRuby Jython Rhino Scala Are there already ...

java

python



scala

dalvik

asked Jan 3 '10 at 11:35



11k views

answers





Tags

Users

Badges

Unanswered

Tagged Questions

newest

frequent

votes

active

unanswered

ers



Does python have an equivalent to Java Class.forName()?

I have the need to take a string argument and create an object of the class named in that string in Python. In Java, I would use Class.forName().newInstance(). Is there an equivalent in Python? ...



asked Jan 17 '09 at 8:10



Jason 479 • 1 • 6 • 8



Seeking clarification on apparent contradictions regarding weakly typed languages

I think I understand strong typing, but every time I look for examples for what is weak typing I end up finding examples of programming languages that simply coerce/convert types automatically. For ...



asked Mar 29 '12 at 16:34



Edwin Dalorzo 13.2k • 2 • 22 • 47



How can I download all emails with attachments from Gmail?

How do I connect to Gmail and determine which messages have attachments? I then want to download each attachment, printing out the Subject: and From: for each message as I process it.



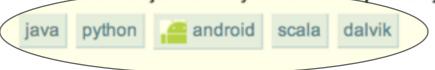
asked Dec 8 '08 at 3:57





Which programming languages can I use on Android Dalvik?

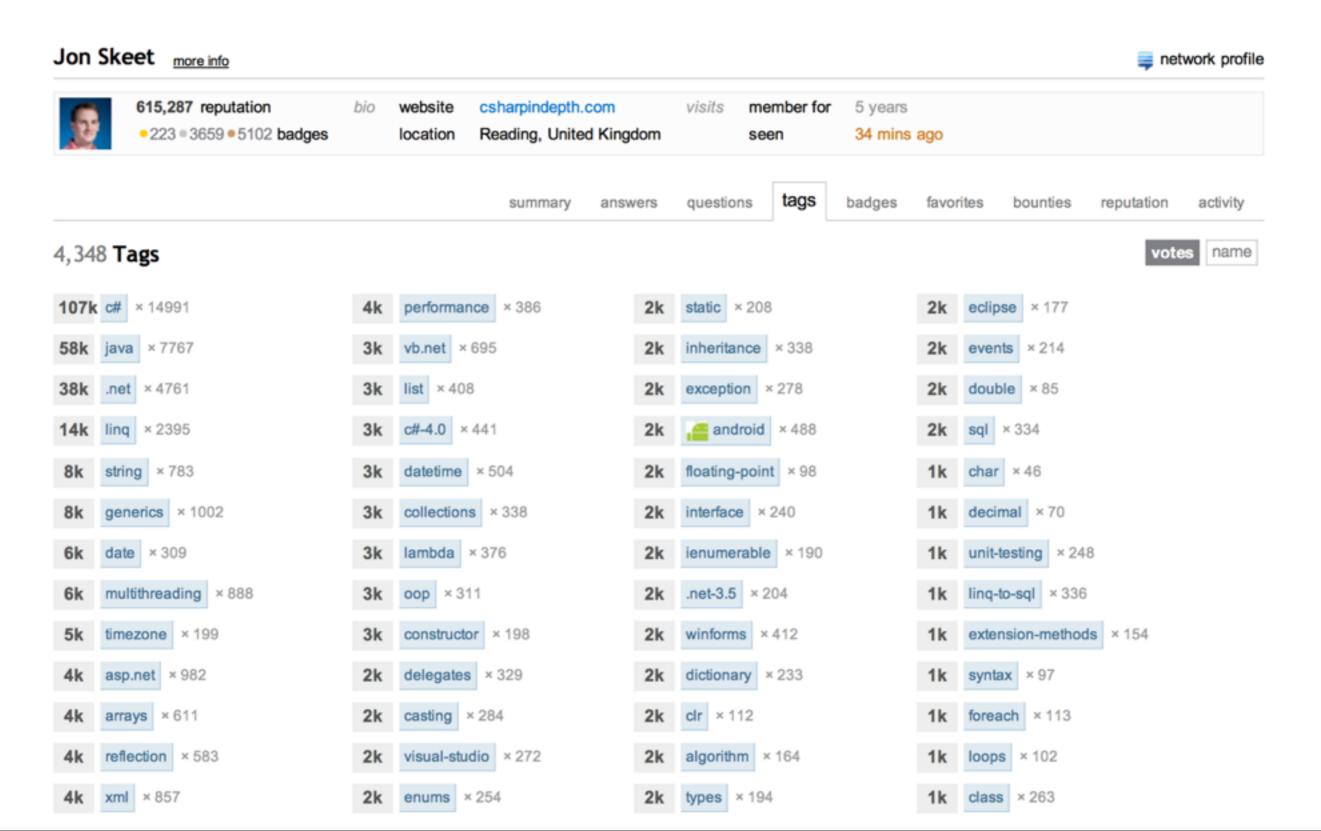
In theory, Dalvik executes any virtual machine byte code, created for example with the compilers of AspectJ ColdFusion Clojure Groovy JavaFX Script JRuby Jython Rhino Scala Are there already ...



asked Jan 3 '10 at 11:35



Users "collect" tags



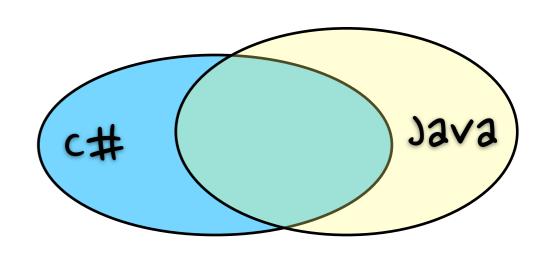
Mutual intelligibility of programming languages

- Jon Skeet: c#, Java, ASP.net, XML,...
- Alexander Serebrenik: Prolog, SQL, C++,...
- Bogdan Vasilescu: Python, · · ·

... > 400,000

Association rule mining

$$mi_{\ell}(k) = conf(\tau_k \Rightarrow \tau_{\ell}) = \frac{nBoth}{nLeft}$$



160 popular languages

Are this likely to speak (column)

	Asm	\mathbf{C}	C++	Cobol	CSS	Groovy	HTML	Java	${\bf Java Script}$	Perl	PHP	Shell	XML
Asm	100%	55%	54%	1%	15%	1%	23%	39%	28%	12%	28%	1%	18%
C	8%	100%	48%	0%	12%	1%	17%	31%	21%	8%	21%	0%	13%
C++	5%	32%	100%	0%	10%	1%	15%	26%	18%	6%	18%	0%	11%
COBOL	12%	35%	40%	100%	24%	3%	29%	48%	38%	17%	37%	1%	28%
CSS	2%	10%	13%	0%	100%	1%	61%	21%	54%	5%	39%	0%	16%
Groovy	3%	15%	18%	1%	17%	100%	26%	63%	32%	7%	23%	0%	26%
HTML	2%	11%	14%	0%	46%	1%	100%	25%	56%	5%	40%	0%	18%
Java	2%	12%	15%	0%	10%	2%	15%	100%	19%	4%	16%	0%	12%
JavaScript	2%	9%	11%	0%	25%	1%	35%	20%	100%	4%	31%	0%	13%
Perl	5%	25%	27%	1%	18%	2%	26%	31%	30%	100%	31%	1%	19%
$_{\mathrm{PHP}}$	2%	9%	11%	0%	19%	1%	26%	17%	33%	4%	100%	0%	12%
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%
$_{ m XML}$	3%	14%	19%	0%	20%	2%	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%

People who speak (row)

160 popular languages

Are this likely to speak (column)

	Asm	\mathbf{C}	C++	Cobol	CSS	Groovy	HTML	Java	JavaScript	Perl	PHP	Shell	XML
Asm	100%	55%	54%	1%	15%	1%	23%	39%	28%	12%	28%	1%	18%
\mathbf{C}	8%	100%	48%	0%	12%	1%	17%	31%	21%	8%	21%	0%	13%
C++	5%	32%	100%	0%	10%	1%	15%	26%	18%	6%	18%	0%	11%
COBOL	12%	35%	40%	100%	24%	3%	29%	48%	38%	17%	37%	1%	28%
CSS	2%	10%	13%	0%	100%	1%	61%	21%	54%	5%	39%	0%	16%
Groovy	3%	15%	18%	1%	17%	100%	26%	63%	32%	7%	23%	0%	26%
$_{ m HTML}$	2%	11%	14%	0%	46%	1%	100%	25%	56%	5%	40%	0%	18%
$_{ m Java}$	2%	12%	15%	0%	10%	2%	15%	100%	19%	4%	16%	0%	12%
JavaScrip	t 2%	9%	11%	0%	25%	1%	35%	20%	100%	4%	31%	0%	13%
Perl	5%	25%	27%	1%	18%	2%	26%	31%	30%	100%	31%	1%	19%
$_{\mathrm{PHP}}$	2%	9%	11%	0%	19%	1%	26%	17%	33%	4%	100%	0%	12%
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%
$_{ m XML}$	3%	14%	19%	0%	20%	2%	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%

People who speak (row)

Assembly dev's are versatile; assembly itself is exotic

Are this likely to speak (column)

						_							
	Asm	C	C++	Cobol	CSS	Groovy	HTML	Java	JavaScript	Perl	PHP	Shell	XML
Asm	100%	55%	54%	1%	15%	1%	23%	39%	28%	12%	28%	1%	18%
C	8%	100%	48%	0%	12%	1%	17%	31%	21%	8%	21%	0%	13%
C++	5%	32%	100%	0%	10%	1%	15%	26%	18%	6%	18%	0%	11%
COBOL	12%	35%	40%	100%	24%	3%	29%	48%	38%	17%	37%	1%	28%
CSS	2%	10%	13%	0%	100%	1%	61%	21%	54%	5%	39%	0%	16%
Groovy	3%	15%	18%	1%	17%	100%	26%	63%	32%	7%	23%	0%	26%
HTML	2%	11%	14%	0%	46%	1%	100%	25%	56%	5%	40%	0%	18%
Java	2%	12%	15%	0%	10%	2%	15%	100%	19%	4%	16%	0%	12%
JavaScript	2%	9%	11%	0%	25%	1%	35%	20%	100%	4%	31%	0%	13%
Perl	5%	25%	27%	1%	18%	2%	26%	31%	30%	100%	31%	1%	19%
PHP	2%	9%	11%	0%	19%	1%	26%	17%	33%	4%	100%	0%	12%
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%
XML	3%	14%	19%	0%	20%	2%	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%

People who speak (row)

Cobol dev's are versatile but extremely scarce

Are this likely to speak (column)

						_		•					
	Asm	\mathbf{C}	C++	Cobol	CSS	Groovy	HTML	Java	${\bf Java Script}$	Perl	PHP	Shell	XML
Asm	100%	55%	54%	1%	15%	1%	23%	39%	28%	12%	28%	1%	18%
C	8%	100%	48%	0%	12%	1%	17%	31%	21%	8%	21%	0%	13%
C++	5%	32%	100%	0%	10%	1%	15%	26%	18%	6%	18%	0%	11%
COBOL	12%	35%	40%	100%	24%	3%	29%	48%	38%	17%	37%	1%	28%
CSS	2%	10%	13%	0%	100%	1%	61%	21%	54%	5%	39%	0%	16%
Groovy	3%	15%	18%	1%	17%	100%	26%	63%	32%	7%	23%	0%	26%
HTML	2%	11%	14%	0%	46%	1%	100%	25%	56%	5%	40%	0%	18%
Java	2%	12%	15%	0%	10%	2%	15%	100%	19%	4%	16%	0%	12%
JavaScript	2%	9%	11%	0%	25%	1%	35%	20%	100%	4%	31%	0%	13%
Perl	5%	25%	27%	1%	18%	2%	26%	31%	30%	100%	31%	1%	19%
$_{\mathrm{PHP}}$	2%	9%	11%	0%	19%	1%	26%	17%	33%	4%	100%	0%	12%
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%
XML	3%	14%	19%	0%	20%	2%	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%
XML	3%	14%	19%	0%	20%	2%	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%

People who speak (row)

Asymmetry present also in more "obvious" pairs

Are this likely to speak (column)

								•					
	Asm	\mathbf{C}	C++	Cobol	CSS	Groovy	HTML	Java	${\bf Java Script}$	Perl	PHP	Shell	XML
Asm	100%	55%	54%	1%	15%	1%	23%	39%	28%	12%	28%	1%	18%
$^{\mathrm{C}}$	8%	100%	48%	0%	12%	1%	17%	31%	21%	8%	21%	0%	13%
C++	5%	32%	100%	0%	10%	1%	15%	26%	18%	6%	18%	0%	11%
COBOL	12%	35%	40%	100%	24%	3%	29%	48%	38%	17%	37%	1%	28%
CSS	2%	10%	13%	0%	100%	1%	61%	21%	54%	5%	39%	0%	16%
Groovy	3%	15%	18%	1%	17%	100%	26%	63%	32%	7%	23%	0%	26%
HTML	2%	11%	14%	0%	46%	1%	100%	25%	56%	5%	40%	0%	18%
Java	2%	12%	15%	0%	10%	2%	15%	100%	19%	4%	16%	0%	12%
JavaScript	2%	9%	11%	0%	25%	1%	35%	20%	100%	4%	31%	0%	13%
Perl	5%	25%	27%	1%	18%	2%	26%	31%	30%	100%	31%	1%	19%
$_{\mathrm{PHP}}$	2%	9%	11%	0%	19%	1%	26%	17%	33%	4%	100%	0%	12%
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%
XML	3%	14%	19%	0%	20%	2%	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%

People who speak (row)

1985-2012: C, Emacs Lisp, C++, Java, Lisp, Python, M4, ... (26)

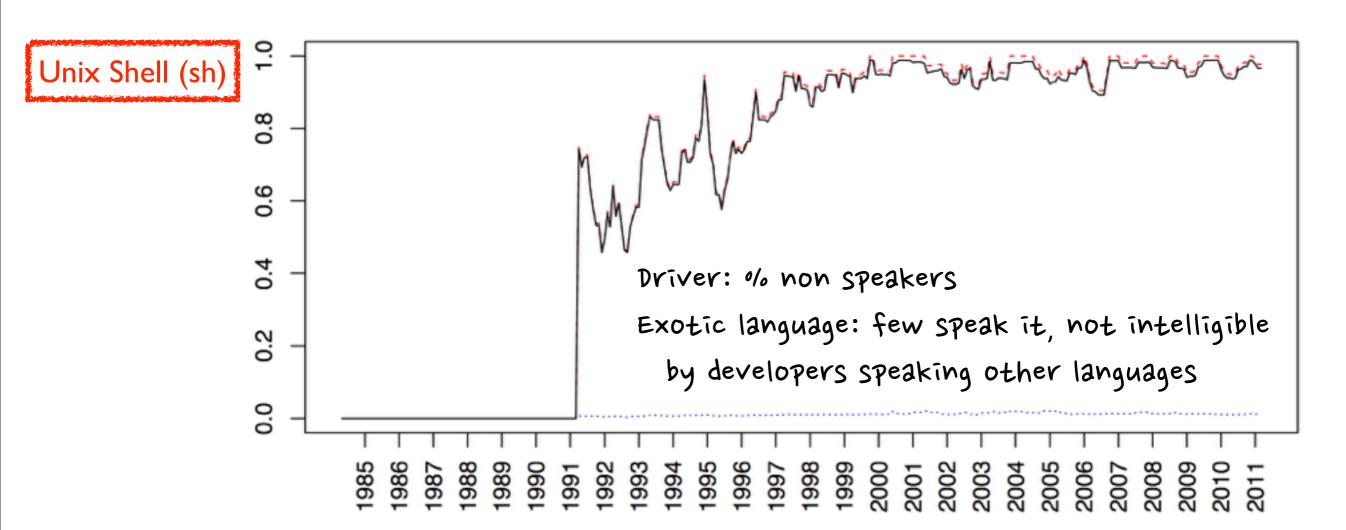
How to quantify this risk of not finding developers with knowledge of certain programming languages?



1985-2012: C, Emacs Lisp, C++, Java, Lisp, Python, M4, ... (26)

solid black: risk measure

dashed red: %community that does not speak language



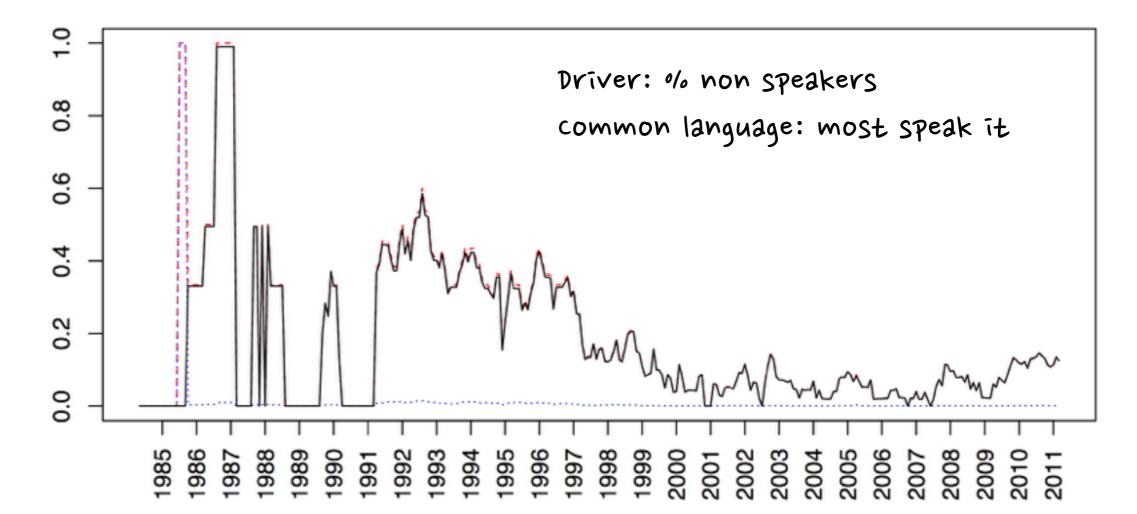
1985-2012: C, Emacs Lisp, C++, Java, Lisp, Python, M4, ... (26)

solid black: risk measure

dashed red: %community that does not speak language

dotted blue: red - black (intelligible by developers speaking other languages)

Emacs Lisp

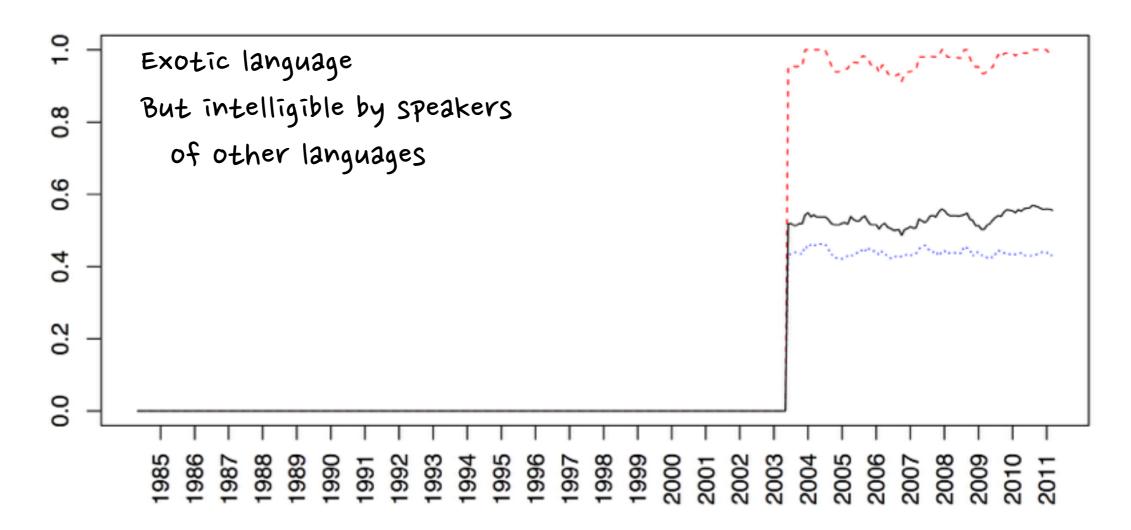


1985-2012: C, Emacs Lisp, C++, Java, Lisp, Python, M4, ... (26)

solid black: risk measure

dashed red: %community that does not speak language



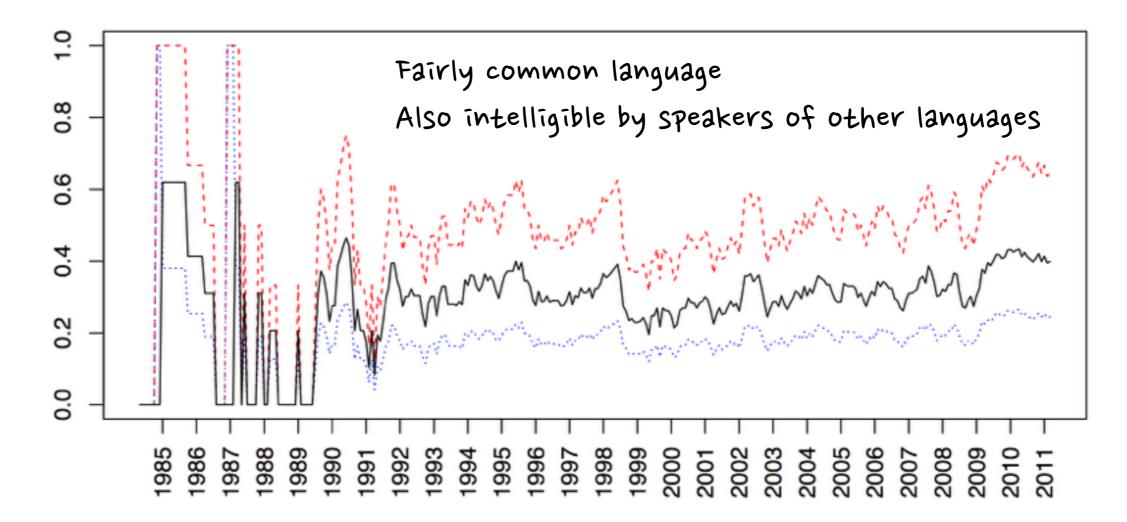


1985-2012: C, Emacs Lisp, C++, Java, Lisp, Python, M4, ... (26)

solid black: risk measure

dashed red: %community that does not speak language





Different skill sets and skill levels

Different activities (Vasilescu et al., 2013)

Mix of novices and experts

Decentralized Highly interactive

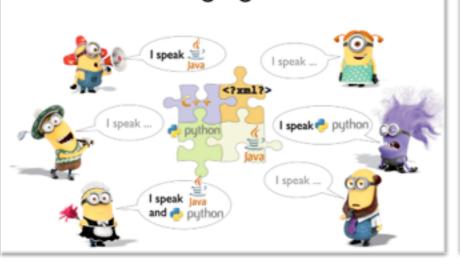
(Dabbish et al., 2012)

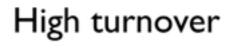
Self-directed

knowledge-intensive

Heterogeneous

Knowledge of programming languages





what happens when Purple Minion leaves the community?

Does knowledge of 👵 python disappear?

Is the community at risk?

Maintain or migrate legacy code?





This talk: first steps

How to quantify this risk of not finding developers with knowledge of certain programming languages?



Idea

who else "speaks" - puthon in the community? might understand





Ingredients

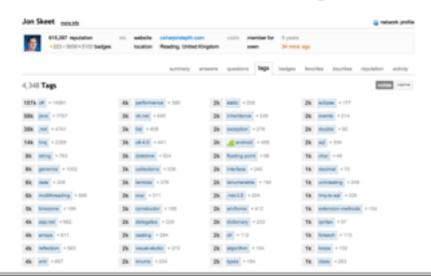








Users "collect" tags



Cobol dev's are versatile but extremely scarce

Are this likely to

		speak (column)												
	Asm	C	C++	Cobol	CSS	Groovy	HTML	Java	JavaScript	Perl	PHP	Shell	XML	
Asm	100%	55%	54%	1%	15%	1%	23%	39%	28%	12%	28%	1%	18%	
C	8%	100%	48%	0%	12%	1%	17%	31%	21%	8%	21%	0%	13%	
C++	556	32%	100%	0%	10%	1%	15%	26%	18%	6%	18%	0%	11%	
(COBOL	12%	35%	40%	100%	24%	3%	29%	48%	38%	17%	37%	1%	28%)	
CSS	256	10%	13%	0%	100%	1%	61%	21%	54%	5%	39%	0%	16%	
Groovy	3%	15%	18%	1%	17%	100%	26%	63%	32%	7%	23%	0%	26%	
HTML	2%	11%	14%	0%	46%	1%	100%	25%	56%	5%	40%	0%	18%	
Java	25%	12%	15%	0%	10%	256	15%	100%	19%	456	16%	0%	12%	
JavaScript	256	9%	11%	0%	25%	1%	35%	20%	100%	4%	31%	0%	13%	
Perl	5%	25%	27%	1%	18%	2%	26%	31%	30%	100%	31%	1%	19%	
PHP	2%	9%	11%	0%	19%	1%	26%	17%	33%	456	100%	0%	12%	
Shell	12%	34%	38%	1%	19%	3%	32%	43%	33%	24%	35%	100%	24%	
XML	356	14%	19%	0%	20%	256	29%	34%	35%	7%	31%	0%	100%	
People (>												

http://www.win.tue.nl/~bvasiles/languages/list.html

Case study: Emacs

1985-2012: C, Emacs Lisp, C++, Java, Lisp, Python, M4, ... (26)

solid black: risk weasure

dashed red: «Lcommunity that does not speak language



