Augmenting Decompiler Output with Learned Variable Names and Types **USENIX Security Symposium**

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Variable Naming is Essential

1l void read(char *a1) { int v1 = 0;2 char v2; 3 while (1) { 4 v2 = getchar();51 if (v2 == EOF || v2 == '\n') { 6 a1[v1] = '\0'; 7 break; 8 } else { 9 a1[v1] = v2; 10 111 12 v1++; 131 14| }

== '\n') {



Variable Naming is Essential

1l void read(char *out_buf) { int loc = 0;2 char cur; 3 while (1) { 4 cur = getchar(); 51 if (cur == EOF || cur == '\n') { 6 out_buf[loc] = $^0;$ 7 break; 8 } else { 9 out_buf[loc] = cur; 10 111 **12 IOC++**; 131 14| }



Variable Naming is Essential

11 void read(char *banana) { int str = 0; 21 char moo; 3 while (1) { 4 moo = getchar(); 51 if (moo == EOF || moo == '\n') { 6 $banana[str] = '\0';$ 7 break; 8 } else { 9 banana[str] = moo; 10 111 str++; 12 131 14| }



11 file *f_open(char **filename, char *mode, int create) { 2 int fd; **3I** if (!create) return fopen(*filename, mode); 4 if (*mode != 119) 51 assert_fail("fopen"); 6 fd = open(*filename, 577, 384); 7 if $(fd \ge 0)$ 8 return reopen(fd, mode); 9 else 10 111 return 0; **12|** }



Hex-Rays	Developer
a1	filename
a2	mode
a3	is_private





Types Are Also Useful

```
double func(int *a1, int *a2) {
    double v1, v2;
    v1 = pow((*a1 - *a2), 2);
    v2 = pow((a1[1] - a2[1]), 2);
    return sqrt(v1 + v2);
}
```



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```

```
typedef struct {
    int x;
    int y;
} point;
```

```
double func(point *a1, point *a2) {
    double v1, v2;
    v1 = pow((a1->x - a2->x), 2);
    v2 = pow((a1->y - a2->y), 2);
    return sqrt(v1 + v2);
}
```





Predicting Types should be easier than names!

typedef struct { int x; int y; } point; sizeof(char); // 1 sizeof(int); // 4 sizeof(float); // 4 sizeof(point); // 8 sizeof(int[2]); // 8



Constraints Experiment



Constraints Experiment Mine GitHub, creating the same dataset as for DIRE



Constraints Experiment Mine GitHub, creating the same dataset as for

substructure

DIRE

Also maintain a database of types including their



Constraints Experiment

- DIRE
- substructure
- Train a model to predict a type based on its context and constrain by size

Mine GitHub, creating the same dataset as for

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Constraints Experiment

- Mine GitHub, creating the same dataset as for DIRE
- substructure
- Train a model to predict a type based on its context and constrain by size
- Results: Quite Bad!

Also maintain a database of types including their



The Problem: Padding Bytes

Original

void fun() {
 char x[3];
 int y;
 // ...



Decompiled



Stack





The Problem: Padding Bytes

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11

























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- Accuracy: the percentage of types that exactly match the ground truth, including data layout, type name, and substructure, where applicable



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- Baselines were Hex-Rays and Frequency by Size
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Method	AI	Structures		
Freq by Size	23.6	9.7		
Hex-Rays	37.9	28.7		
DIRTY	75.8	68.6		



Compiler Optimization Performance

Percent accuracy on 101 GNU Coreutils Programs

-00	-01	-02	-03
48.20	46.01	46.04	46.00



Predicting types and names simultaneously





• DIRTY compared with DIRE



- DIRTY compared with DIRE
- Used the dataset from the original DIRE paper and also DIRT



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- choice.

Accuracy is the percentage of names that exactly match the developer's



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Method	DIRE Data	DIRT	
DIRE	72.8	57.5	
DIRTY	81.4	66.4	

Accuracy is the percentage of names that exactly match the developer's



```
int find_unused_picture(int a1, int a2, int a3) {
 int i, j, v1;
 if (a3) {
  for (i = <NUM>;; ++i) {
   if (i > <NUM>)
    goto LABEL_13;
   if (!*(<<NUM> * i + a2) + <NUM>))
    break;
  v1 = i;
 } else {
  for (j = <NUM>;; ++j) {
   if (j > <NUM>) {
   LABEL 13:
    av_log(a1, <NUM>, <STR>);
```

Developer ID DIRTY **AVCodecContext MpegEncContext *s a**1 *avctx **Picture * picture** a2 **Picture *pic** int shared int shared **a**3 int result int result **v1**













```
void scrsho(float (*fx)(float))
For interactive CRT terminal use. Produce a crude graph of the
for interval x1, x2. Query for another plot until the user sign
   int jz, j, i;
   float ysml,ybig,x2,x1,x,dyj,dx,y[ISCR+1];
   char scr[ISCR+1][JSCR+1];
   for (;;) {
       printf("\nEnter x1 x2 (x1=x2 to stop):\n");
       scanf("%f %f",&x1,&x2);
       if (x1 == x2) break;
       for (j=1;j<=JSCR;j++)</pre>
                                                   Fill ver
            scr[1][j]=scr[ISCR][j]=YY;
       for (i=2;i<=(ISCR-1);i++) {</pre>
            scr[i][1]=scr[i][JSCR]=XX;
                                                   Fill top
            for (j=2;j<=(JSCR-1);j++)</pre>
                                                   Fill int
                scr[i][j]=BLANK;
       dx=(x2-x1)/(ISCR-1);
```







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	Latest commit	d32c78b on Jan 3,	2017 🕑 Histo	ory		
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				=` {	YY;	
X='-'. FF='x''				=	XX; +)	Fill t
<u> </u>						
x2 to stop):" <<	endl;					



